

Caledonian Mercury

No. 12,056.

EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1798.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

Theatre Royal, Edinburgh.

MR KEMBLE does himself the honour of informing the Nobility and the Public, that the THEATRE ROYAL will open on SATURDAY, January 19th, with the highly celebrated Comedy now acting in London with the greatest success and applause, to crowded and brilliant audiences, called

THE STRANGER.

To which will be added, a FARCE, called
A TRIP TO SCOTLAND.

In respect and gratitude to the Proprietors of the Theatre Royal in Drury Lane, Mr Kemble thinks it only proper to mention, that no other Manager has been favoured by them with the manuscript copy of the Stranger, which the Public may be assured is a most excellent Piece, and very superior, for Stage effect at least to the printed Play.

The very great expense attending the getting up of "Blue Beard," which is now almost ready for representation, Mr Kemble hopes, will be received by the Edinburgh Audience as a small tribute of gratitude for the kind manner in which he has always been protected in his difficult situation. He thinks he may venture to say that, London excepted, there never was a theatrical spectacle, in point of decorative splendour, brought forward with equal magnificence. The Scenery is entirely by that admirable artist, Mr Maitland, and the Dresses, Elephants, Camels, Horses, Palanquins, &c. &c. by Mr Johnston, the mechanist of Drury Lane Theatre, and are all exactly finished as in London.

LOVERS VOWS, LAUGH WHEN YOU CAN, THE JEW AND THE DOCTOR, BLUE DEVIL, and in short all the New Pieces, will be brought forward in due time.

The following Performers are engaged:

MR SIDDONS.

MR SMITH—from the Theatre Royal, Bath.
MR POWER—from the Theatre Royal, Liverpool.
MR FISHER—from the Theatre Royal, Manchester.
MR VENABLE—from the Theatre Royal, Bristol.
MR TOMKINS—from the Theatre Royal, Liverpool.
MR WILD—from the Theatre Royal, Windsor.
MRS KNIGHT—from the Theatre Royal, Covent Garden.
MRS CLENDENEN—from the Theatre Royal, Dittio.
MISS SMITH—from the Theatre Royal, Bath.

DANCING.

MR SEALEY having now returned from London, where he has been for some time in prosecution of his business, begs leave to solicit the continuance of the favours of his Friends and the Public, to whom he returns his most grateful thanks for the notice formerly bestowed on him. He begs leave to inform the Nobility and Gentry, that he purposes opening his School in Foulis's Close, for Teaching Dancing in all its branches, on Wednesday the 2d of January 1799.

Those who may be pleased to honour him with their employment, he assures no pains shall be spared to render his Scholars capable of dancing with elegance and propriety. The Ladies from ten till two—and the Gentlemen from three till six afternoon. Private Teaching as usual.

NEW JEWELLERY SHOP.

MORTON & MILROY,
At the SCOTCH ARMS, opposite the Post Office.
HAVE the honour of acquainting their Friends and the Public, that in addition to their former variety of SILVER GOODS, they have just got to hand a few elegant Tea Sets, Castor Frames, Walters, &c. New Patterns, and exquisite workmanship, also an excellent choice of Plated, Japanese and other Articles fit for house use.

Their Stock of JEWELLERY they would in a particular manner recommend to the notice of Ladies and Gentlemen, being now rendered completely beautiful; indeed it is unnecessary to say more than that it has received the approbation of the first Judges in this city, as being the best chosen assortment ever seen in a Retail Shop. All the Goods being new, their Customers have an advantage in dealing with them, which they could not meet with for seven years past—no new Jewellery Shop having been opened in Edinburgh during that period.

For the liberal encouragement they have already experienced M. and M. beg leave to express their gratitude, and hope by pointed attention to give satisfaction.

A neat choice of little Trinkets, calculated for presents at this season.
Edinburgh, 26th Dec. 1798.

FASHIONABLE

JEWELLERY, HARDWARE, & CUTLERY, WAREHOUSE,
Opposite the Cross, North Side High Street.

CROOKS & BURN

HAVE just laid in a New Assortment of the most Fashionable Articles of JEWELLERY, SILVER PLATE, HARDWARE, and CUTLERY. These are all of the most approved Workmanship, and nothing more elegant can be met with.

The Ladies will find, on inspection, that this selection contains all that is Fanciful, Light, and Fashionable; and while in these respects the articles are not to be excelled, the prices at the same time are so moderate as to be a very strong recommendation.

Having established correspondents with the first Houses in London, and the different Manufacturing towns, their Stock is always refreshed with articles of the newest taste.

A great variety of Gold, Silver, Metal, and Patent WATCHES at very low prices.
N.B.—An APPRENTICE wanted.

APPRENTICES WANTED FOR THE SEA.

FORTY or FIFTY STOUT YOUNG MEN,
None under the age of Seventeen,
Will meet with good encouragement, upon their being well recommended, and finding sufficient caution during the period of their indentures, by applying to Mr John Hamilton, Grangemouth, by Falkirk, or Alexander Mackay, Mercury Printing Office, Edinburgh.
GRANGEMOUTH, Dec. 20. 1798.

FOR LISBON.

THE LIBERTY,
CAPTAIN THOMSON,
Will sail from Leith for Lisbon in fourteen days, and return to Leith if freight offers.
Apply to Mr James Smith, Leith Glass Works.
LEITH, December 27. 1798.

AT LEITH.

For Martha Bras and Montego Bay, Jamaica,
THE NEW SHIP ROSELLE,
DAVID GOURLEY Master,
Will be ready to take in goods by the 1st December, and sail 1st January, with or without convoy.

For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAM SIBBALD & Co. Leith, or Capt. Gourley.
The Roselle is provided with letters of marque, well armed, sails fast, copper-bottomed, and has good accommodation for passengers.

Tradesmen, Clerks, and those bred to husbandry and country work, will meet with good encouragement, by applying as above.
Nov. 15. 1798.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON.

The Union Shipping Company's Armed Schooner,
KELO PACKET,
ROBERT MOOR Master—and
Will take in goods till this evening, and sail to-morrow morning at six o'clock.
Union Shipping Co's Office, Leith.
December 29. 1798.

Royal Circus.

LEITH WALK, EDINBURGH.

THE ROYAL CIRCUS having undergone a complete and thorough repair, and alteration; and having received every decoration and embellishment that may render it worthy the reception of a liberal Public, Mess. JONES and COSSIE beg leave respectfully to inform the Nobility, Gentry, &c. of Edinburgh, and its environs,
That it WILL OPEN on SATURDAY, Jan. 5. 1799.

With a variety of

New Performances and New Performers.

Principally never before exhibited in this Kingdom.
Tickets to be had at Mr WALKER'S, POOLE'S Hotel, and of Mrs ADAMS, at the Box-Office, Leith Walk, where places for the Boxes may be taken.

Mess. JONES and COSSIE respectfully assure the Nobility, Gentry, &c. that they have spared neither assiduity nor expense to render the above place of amusement, in elegance and accommodation, worthy their patronage; and having exerted themselves in procuring a greater variety of approved novelty, than has hitherto been exhibited in the course of any one season, and employed the first artists and performers of acknowledged abilities, trust they will receive that support, it will be their ardent endeavour to merit, and grateful pride to acknowledge.

WARM GREAT COATS.

JOHN WRIGHT, Woolen-Draper, at the Golden Ram, first shop above the King's Arm Tavern, high street, Edinr. Respectfully informs the Public, that he has just received a fresh assortment of the Bearskins or Stag Duff, for great coats, which he is selling ready made, in Drabs, Browns, Blue, Purple, and New Mixtures, from 16s. to 30s. per coat.

The Bearskin Duff is universally worn on the Continent in winter, and is the best preservative against the inclemency of the season.

Gentlemen in the country can be supplied to any of the above colours, per return of carrier.

STOLEN.

Between Friday night the 1st current and Saturday morning following, there was stolen, from the stable of Charles Forrester, farmer at Boghead, in the county of Clackmannan,

A DARK BROWN MARE, about twelve hands high, switch-tailed, and has a few white hairs in her forehead. A handsome reward is hereby offered by the said Charles Forrester, to any person who can give such information as may be the means of convicting the offenders, and restoring the mare to the owner.

MONEY ABSTRACTED.

A LETTER inclosing Five Twenty Pound Notes, of the Falkirk Banking Company's of the following numbers,
No. 77 78 79 80 81 & 82
was upon the 14th instant put into the Post Office at Falkirk, directed to a gentleman at Leith. The letter never was delivered—Two of the notes have been detected, and the person who abstracted the same secured, the other three, viz.
Nos. 77 78 & 82
have not yet been attempted to be put in circulation. It is therefore requested, that all Bankers, Merchants, and others, to whom they may be offered, will detain the same, and secure the person by whom they are presented, and upon information being given to Mr William Scott, Procurator Fiscal, a handsome reward will be paid.

SALE.

Sale of Printed Goods, Houses, Victual, Horses, Cattle, Farming Utensils, Household Furniture, &c. &c.
The property of MESSRS & COMPANY, and of ANDREW and GEORGE MURRAY, merchants in Perth. There will be exposed to sale, by public roup, at Cromwell's park Farm, near Perth, on Monday first, 31st Dec. at 10 o'clock forenoon,

THE WHOLE STOCK of said Farm, consisting of a large quantity of Barley, Oats, Pease, and Hay, with the Fodder; together with the Horses, Cows, and other implements of Husbandry.

And on the Wednesday thereafter, 2d January, there will be sold in the warehouse of Messrs & Co. Perth, at 10 o'clock forenoon, the whole STOCK of PRINTED GOODS, consisting of about
200 dozens 15-16ths & 4-4ths Bandannas,
100 ditto, 4-4ths, 9-8ths & 5-4ths Purple Shawls,
1300 ditto, 4-4ths, 9-8ths, & 5-4ths Chintz dyes,
300 ditto, 3-4ths Linen & Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs,
100 pieces, 7-8ths, 4 & 3 Coloured and Chintz Garments,
together with a quantity of white Shawl Cloths, Printed Muslin Shawls and Garmets.

The Goods are in excellent condition, the work remarkably good, and the patterns peculiarly well adapted to the sale of this country.

There is also to be sold on Friday 31st January, in Wakefield's Inn, Perth, at four o'clock afternoon,

That SHOP at the Cross, High Street, Perth, and FLATT above, presently occupied by Messrs and Co. as a Warehouse as likewise at same time, a HOUSE in Ballic Young's Close, High Street, consisting of several rooms, garrets and cellars, well calculated for a private family, and also the Right to the Half of a House and Garden adjoining upon the Fyvie, adjoining to the shore at Bridgend, conveniently situated for Warehouses.

Same day will be exposed to Sale, an Heritable Debt of Fifty Pounds, with Twelve Years Interest due thereon, secured on the George Inn, Perth, and One Share of the Capital Stock of the Dundee Insurance Company.

And on 2d February, first the Barley, Oats, and Hay, with a quantity of Household Furniture, &c. at Rosemount near Perth, will be disposed of—The whole to be positively sold without reserve.

Three months credit will be given for all purchases above ten pounds, on granting proper security.

The title deeds, articles of roup, &c. lie with Robert Peddie, writer, Perth.

JAMES CHRISTIE, Viator, Auctioneer.

N.B.—For the accommodation of purchasers the Printed Goods will be set up in single dozens, with freedom to the highest bidder to take either a small or a large quantity at the same price.

RUTHERGLEN BRIDGE, Dec. 22. 1798.

THE Copartnership carried on by the subscribers in Glasgow, and at this place, under the firm of PETER and CHARLES PAPILLON, was this day DISSOLVED, by mutual consent. Those who are indebted to the Company will pay what they owe to Peter Papillon, who will discharge the Company's debts.

P. J. Papillon, witness. PETER PAPILLON.
W. Lindsay, witness. CHA. PAPILLON.
James Lennox, witness.

FRANKFIELD.

To be LET, for such a number of years as may be agreed on, THE Mansion-house, Offices, and Gardens of FRANKFIELD, and about FORTY ACRES of GROUND, lying four miles east of Glasgow, and within ten minutes walk of the new Edinburgh road by Cumbernauld. The lands and fences are in excellent condition, and the house and offices have lately undergone a thorough repair. The gardens have been taken proper care of, and are stocked with fruit-trees on the walls, &c. of the best kinds.

The mansion-house, offices, and gardens, with a few acres around the premises, will be let separately from the other inclosed farms, if more agreeable. From there is a very pleasant view of Frankfield Loch, which abounds with perch and pike, and wild ducks, with other water fowl in the season.

A gentleman wishing to occupy the lands (which could be added 25 or 30 acres more, all inclosed and subdivided, which will be out of lease at Martinmas 1801) could have the choice of the work-houses, cattle, and farming utensils, presently there, which are of the best kinds; also a fashionable four-wheeled Carriage, and complete lot of harness, almost new, if applied for immediately, as it is intended to dispose of them without delay. The ground may be entered to immediately, and the house, gardens, and grats at Whitunday first.

Apply to the proprietor, George Miller, at Carters's House, near Glasgow.

HIGHLAND SOCIETY OF SCOTLAND.

A GENERAL MEETING of this Society, agreeable to the Charter of Incorporation, is to be held in their Hall here, on Tuesday the 6th of January next, at twelve o'clock noon, when it is expected that all the Members then in town will attend precisely at the hour of meeting, as besides the ordinary business there will be a ballot for the admission of such new members as shall have given in their names to the Secretary, previous to the day of meeting; and by the rules of the Society, no ballot can commence till at least twenty members are present.

The Anniversary Dinner of the Society, at this time, is to be held at Fortune's Tavern, half-past 4 o'clock.

His Grace the DUKE of Buccleugh.

1st Vice President, in the Chair.

The Right Hon. the EARL of Kilmour.

2d Vice President, Croupier.

LEWIS GORDON, Dep. Sec.

ROYAL BANK.

Edinburgh, 3d December 1798.

THE COURT OF DIRECTORS of the Royal Bank of Scotland give notice, That the General Court of Proprietors held the 27th ult. having declared a Dividend on their Capital Stock for the half year ending at Christmas next, the same will begin to be paid to the Proprietors on Thursday the 3rd day of January next, and to continue thereafter at the usual hours of attendance at the Bank, and in case of a total said dividend, no transfer of Stock will be made from Thursday the 20th inst. to Thursday the 3rd day of January next.

JA. INNES, Secretary.

ROYAL BANK STOCK.

SEVERAL SHARES of the Capital Stock of the Royal Bank of Scotland are to be sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 9th day of January, 1799, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon.

For particulars apply to John Ferrier, writer to the signet.

ROYAL BANK STOCK.

To be sold by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, on Wednesday, 16th Jan. next, 1799, at 12 o'clock noon.

A CONSIDERABLE Sum of the CAPITAL STOCK of the ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND; to be exposed in lots of 100l. Stock each.

The public will please observe, that the Proprietors of the Royal Bank, at their last general meeting, declared a dividend of 6 per cent. on their Stock for the ensuing year, being a considerable addition to the dividends formerly payable.

The articles of sale are to be seen in the hands of Richard Hotchkiss, W. S. to whom intending officers will apply for all particulars.

TOBACCO SALE ADJOURNED.

THE SALE of TOBACCO advertised to take place within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse here yesterday, by authority of the Court of Session, was by desire of intending purchasers, adjourned until Monday the 31st of December at one o'clock afternoon, at that place.

The conditions of sale are with John M'Ritchie, writer, Wardrop's Court, and William Rae, writer, St James's Square, who will exhibit samples of the article.

COTTON.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE COURT OF SESSION,
There is to be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the Tontine Coffeehouse, Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 2d day of January next, at one o'clock afternoon,

FIFTY BAGS of COTTON, lately arrived from New York, forty of which are in the cellars of, and will be shown by Messrs Allan Ker, and Company, merchants in Greenock—samples whereof will be also exhibited by Messrs Millar and M'Graw, merchants in Glasgow, authorised by the Court to carry such sale into execution; and the remaining ten are lying in the Customhouse at Leith, where they may be viewed between and the day of sale.

It will be attended to that as an encouragement to purchasers, bills with satisfactory security will be taken for the price of the Cotton, at six months, and which may be set up in such losses as may incline.

The conditions of sale are with Wm. Rae, writer St James's Square, who will inform as to further particulars.
Edinr. December 20. 1798.

FOR SALE.

And to be entered to at Whitunday next,
A COMMODIOUS HOUSE and GARDEN, in Morrocco's Close, Canongate, consisting of nine fire rooms, kitchen, servants room, dressing room, and three light closets—also an excellent Cold Bath, water pipe, and fore and back court, good collarage, and other conveniences.

The subjects stand insured with the Friendly Insurance Company, on the old plan—have the premium paid up—and do yield an yearly dividend of 17s. 2d.

The premises may be viewed any lawful day from twelve to three afternoon.

Ms Sprott, the proprietor, will inform as to particulars.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUN.

Within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 23d January 1799, at six o'clock in the evening,

THAT LODGING in WEST REGISTER STREET, which belonged to, and was possessed by the late Mr Robert Armstrong, plumber, being the first floor up stairs, consisting of six rooms, kitchen, and a number of cellars belonging thereto.

The house may be seen any day from twelve to three o'clock.

John Rhind, writer, Hay Street, will show the title deeds and articles of roup.

HOUSE IN FREDERICK STREET.

To be sold by public roup within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, the 23d of January 1799, between 2 and 3 o'clock afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain.

THAT HOUSE, No. 18, North Frederick Street, being a first floor and sank story, consisting of 11 fire rooms, closets and wine cellar—There is a very convenient dressing closet, with a fire-place, adjoining to the principal bedroom, and off it is a shower-bath, to which water is conducted, and carried away by leaden pipes.

Behind the house is a court and green, with washhouse, cellars, coachhouse, and stable.

The premises may be seen every Tuesday and Thursday between 2 and 3 o'clock afternoon.

For further particulars, apply at the house, or to Mr James Balfour, W. S. George Square.

HOUSES ON SOUTH BRIDGE STREET.

There is to be exposed to sale, by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday 23d January 1799, at two o'clock afternoon.

THESE TWO DWELLING-HOUSES upon the second flat up stairs (No. 11.) lying upon the east side of South Bridge Street. They each consist of four rooms, a large light closet, with kitchen and cellar, and a very small expence, could be converted into one dwelling-house.

For further information, application may be made to James Jollie, Clerk to the Signet, Parliament Square.

TIMBER YARD.

To be sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 16th day of January next, between the hours of two and three o'clock afternoon.

THAT TIMEER YARD, lying at the back of the Assembly Rooms of Leith, measuring 56 feet in front from east to west, on the north side; and 75 on the south side, or there-by, and 25 feet in depth from south to north, lately occupied by the principal officers and commissaries of his Majesty's Navy; with the whole Houses, Shades, and Lofts built thereon.

Any persons wishing for a property in Leith of the above description, will find this one of the most eligible in every respect that can be met with. Apply to James Gibson, W. S.

The price, or any part thereof, may remain in the hands of a purchaser, upon proper security.

A CARD.

N. ROBERTSON, Ship, Cordier & H. St. Maker, No. 11, HIGH TERRACE, begs leave to inform his Friends, the Ladies, and the Public in general, That he has returned from London, where he has been for some time, and has established a regular Correspondence; so that he will be supplied with the Fashions as they come in. Having made a purchase of a quantity of JAIN and other Assorted ready money, at Manchester, he offers himself to sell the same to his Friends who are pleased to favour him with their commands, advantageously and as expeditiously as any in his line in town.

Communications from the country punctually attended to.

ST. PETERSBURG DEALS, LATHWOOD, OAKUM, BAR AND OLD IRON.

To be sold by public section, for behoof of the Underwriters, at Gardenstone, near Banch, on Thursday forenoon, the 10th January.

A LARGE Quantity of St. PETERSBURG DEALS of different sizes.

About 1500 Bars Russia Iron.

58 Cases Do. Old Iron.

1000 Pieces of Lathwood—

A Parcel of Oakum.

Being part of the Cargo of the ship Consuelito, lately wrecked there, in her voyage from Petersburg to Liverpool. To be put up in small lots as purchasers desire. The goods may be viewed before the day of sale, by application to Mr. Thompson at Gardenstone.

Edinr. 20th Dec. 1798.

THOMAS WILSON.

Late Servant to Capt. ORRERY, of the Lancashire Fencible Cavalry.

BEGS leave to inform the Nobility and Gentry of Belfast and its vicinity, as also the Public in general, that he has taken the House late known by the name of

THE CROWN INN, IN BELFAST,

which he purposes opening as a Tavern and Hotel on the 1st of January 1799; when he hopes, by an undivided attention to the comfort and accommodation of those who may honour him with their patronage, to be found not undeserving of that support which must ensure the success of his undertaking.

EXCHEQUER CHAMBERS.

Edinr. Dec. 20. 1798.

By ORDER of the BARONS.

INTIMATION is hereby given, that James Drummond, writer to the signet, factor loci tutoris, for Adam Austin, brother of the late Miss ANN AUSTIN, daughter of Hugh Austin, Esq. in the Hon. East India Company's service;—Miss Mary Ann Rebecca Sempill, and Colin Austin, Aunts of the said Miss Ann Austin, and daughter of the late Dr Adam Austin, Physician in Edinburgh, have applied to the Barons for a Gift of Bastardy of the Estate and Effects of the said Miss Ann Austin.

NOTICE.

WALTER CLARKE, merchant in Lochgilphead, being determined to leave that place at Whitunday next, will sell off his present STOCK of GOODS for ready money only, on the most reasonable terms.

Those who are indebted to him are requested forthwith to pay in their accounts, to avoid the possibility of a prosecution.

WOOD TO BE SOLD.

To be sold at Dundas Castle, one mile south of Queensferry, on Tuesday the 15th day of January 1799.

A QUANTITY of Fine OLD ASH, and Fine Young BIRCH, fit for Turners, and country use.

The roup to begin at 10 o'clock forenoon.

George Mathie, at Dundas Castle, will show the wood.

HOUSE IN THE LAWN MARKET TO BE SOLD.

To be sold by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 1st day of February next, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon, if not previously sold by private bargain.

THAT HOUSE fronting the High Street, (being the second storey above the shops of that tenement, at the head of Brodie's Close) which belonged to, and was lately possessed by the deceased John Law, Messenger in Edinburgh, and now by his widow, consisting of six rooms, kitchen, and other conveniences, with a water-pipe, and cistern within the same. This house is insured upon the old plan with the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Society, and is entitled to an annual dividend of L. 1. 6s. 8d. sterling.

For further particulars, application may be made to Roger Aytoun, writer to the signet, who has powers to conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

Such persons as Mr Law stood indebted to, who have not already lodged their grounds of debt with Mr Aytoun, are requested to do so immediately.

HOUSE IN GEORGE STREET FOR SALE.

To be sold by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 30th day of January next, at the hour of two afternoon, THE HOUSE, No. 63, north side of George Street, lately possessed by Mrs Cuthbert of Castlehill, with the coach-house, stables, back-ground, &c.

The house which is elegant and spacious, consists of 17 fire rooms; and is well adapted for the accommodation of a large family. The furniture, which is new and in good order, will be sold by valuation; and for further particulars application may be made to Hector Macdonald Buchanan, writer to the signet, who has powers to conclude a private bargain.

Edinburgh 6th December 1798.

A TACK OF A FARM IN FIFE, AND STOCKING TO BE SOLD.

Upon Tuesday the 15th day of January, 1799, at two o'clock afternoon, and within the house of Mr Methven, in Cupar, there will be sold by public roup.

THE remaining years (being three after Martinmas last) of the TACK of the LANDS of WESTER or UPTOWN of BALGARVIE, in the parish of Monymony, lately possessed by Alexander Orme. This farm consists of 116 acres, lies within a mile of the county town, is of excellent soil, and in high condition. The rent payable to the proprietor is L. 126.

For further particulars, apply to ANDREW CHRISTIE, writer in Cupar.

And upon the 16th day of January next, the WHOLE STOCKING and CROP on the said farm of Wester Balgarvie, will be exposed to sale by public roup, on the farm, consisting of six excellent Draught Horses, a number of Cattle, Cows, Young Bastard, and 15 Swine, Wheat, Barley, and Pease, a Stack of Hay, and about 40 bolls of Potatoes, with the whole Labouring implements—also the whole Household Furniture, Bed and Table Linen, which belonged to the said Alexander Orme.

The roup of the Stocking to begin at 11 o'clock forenoon, and the usual credit given.

ARGVLLSHIRE.

The following Lands are to be sold by roup, at one o'clock afternoon of Wednesday the

DOWLING-STREET—Dec. 23, 1798.

TERMS OF CAPITULATION.

Demanded for the Surrender of the Fortress of Ciudadella to the Arms of his Britannic Majesty.

I. The garrison shall not be considered as prisoners of war, but shall march out free with their arms, drums beating, colours flying, with twelve rounds of cartridge per man.—Answer. The town and fortress of Ciudadella, and the fort of St Nicholas, together with all artillery, ammunition, stores, provisions, or effects, the property of his Most Catholic Majesty, shall be surrendered to his Britannic Majesty's arms, and the garrison of Mahon, and the fort of St Nicholas, shall be delivered up to the British army to-morrow at noon.

II. They shall be preceded by four brass 4 pounders and two 2 inch howitzers, with lighted matches, and twelve rounds of cartridge.—Answer. The garrison shall march out as proposed in the first and second articles, but the guns must be left with the artillery.

III. The said garrison shall be sent with all due convenience to Spain, at the expense of his Britannic Majesty, to one of the nearest ports of the peninsula, excepting the first battalion of the Swiss regiment of Yan. and the detachment of the dragons of Numanzia, with their horses and furniture, who shall be sent to Majorca, as belonging to corps which garrison that island.—Answer. The garrison shall be conveyed to the nearest port of his Most Catholic Majesty.

IV. The officers in this island and fortress shall keep their arms, horses, and baggage, with the funds of their regiments, and shall be permitted to go to Mahon, for the purpose of bringing away their families, and removing or disposing of their property there.—Answer. Admitted, they paying their just debts; and the officers who have occasion to go to Mahon, to bring away their families or dispose of their property, will have passports on applying to the British Commander in Chief.

V. The Officers of the War Department, the Revenue, Marine, together with the persons employed in every branch thereof, shall be permitted to follow the garrison, and are to be included in articles III. IV. and V.—Answer. Admitted.

VI. Whatever officers and troops have been made prisoner in Mahon, or other parts of the island, since the 7th instant, are comprehended in the above five articles.—Answer. People who have already surrendered cannot be included in the above capitulation.

VII. The deserters of the army who have given themselves up to the protection of his Britannic Majesty since the said 7th instant, shall be restored to our army.—Answer. Refused.

VIII. Beasts of burden, both great and small, shall be granted at the ordinary prices, for those who may be desirous of going to Mahon.—Answer. Admitted.

IX. During the time the garrison may remain in this island, their necessary wants shall be supplied at the expense of Spain.—Answer. There will be no obstacle to the garrison's being supplied with provisions by its own officers, while it remains, which will be as short a time as possible, and regulated by the Commander in Chief.

X. The sick and wounded shall remain in the hospitals, and their treatment be at the expense of their regiments.—Answer. Admitted.

XI. The inhabitants of this island shall be allowed to continue in the free exercise of their religion, enjoying peaceably the revenues, property, privileges which they possess and enjoy at present.

XII. The Episcopal See of the island shall remain established in it, according to the Bull for its new creation, enjoying the honours, authority and rent belonging to the Bishopric, and subsisting with its Ecclesiastical Chapter and as Suffragan of the Archbishop of Valencia.

XIII. The Universities (or Corporations) of the island shall be maintained in the enjoyment of the particular privileges and franchises which have been granted to them by the ancient Kings of Spain, as they now possess them, and as they have been allowed to them in the treaties which have taken place as often as this island has passed from one dominion to another.

Answer.—XI. XII. and XIII. are articles which do not properly belong to this capitulation, but of course due care will be taken to secure the peaceable inhabitants in the enjoyment of their religion and property.

XIV. The merchant ship named *Experiencia*, which is in Mahon, coming from Smyrna, and belonging to the Consulate of Cadix, and its cargo, shall remain free, and a passport be granted for its safe conduct to Spain.—Answer. Refused.

XV. Commissioners will be appointed on both sides to settle the detail of the execution of this treaty; and to deliver and receive all stores, &c. the property of his Most Catholic Majesty.

CHAS. STUART,

General and Commander in Chief.

J. T. DUCKWORTH,

Commodore and Naval Commander in Chief.

JUAN NEPOMUSENDO DE QUESADA,

Ciudadella, 15th Nov. 1798.

SIR, Before Ciudadella, Nov. 18, 1798.

I HAVE the honour to return you and the Gentlemen employed on shore under your command, my sincere thanks for your activity, zeal, and assistance in forwarding the light artillery of the army; neither can too much praise be given to the seamen for their friendly and cheerful exertions under very hard labour; exertions which were accompanied with a propriety of behaviour which I greatly attribute to your management, and which will ever merit my acknowledgements, and affords me the satisfaction of assuring you that I am, with sincere regard, Your's, &c.

Lieutenant Buchanan. CHAS. STUART.

A return of the Stores, &c. in our next.

LONDON GAZETTE—Dec. 25.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE—Dec. 25, 1798.

Copy of a Letter from Admiral Earl St Vincent, K. B. Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels in the Mediterranean, to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated on board Le Souverain, Gibraltar, Nov. 27, 1798.

HEREWITH you will receive the copy of a letter from Rear Admiral Lord Nelson, inclosing one from Captain Ball, of his Majesty's ship *Alexander*, with the capitulation of the island of Goza.

Vanguard, at Sea, Nov. 3, 1798.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to transmit you a letter received from Captain Ball, dated October 30, together with the capitulation of the Castle of Goza, and a list of ordnance, &c. found in it; the prisoners are now embarked in the Vanguard and Minotaur till I can get a vessel to send them to France. Captain Ball, with three fail of the line, a frigate, and fireship, is entrusted with the blockade of Malta, in which are two fail of the line and three frigates ready for sea; and from the experience I have had of Captain Ball's zeal, activity, and ability, I have no doubt but that in due time I shall have the honour of sending you good account of the French in the town of Valletta.

I am, with the greatest respect, Your Lordship's most obedient servt.

HORATIO NELSON.

Admiral Earl of St Vincent.

Alexander, off Malta, October 30, 1798.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you, that the Commandant of the French troops in the Castle of Goza, signed the capitulation the 28th instant, which you had approved. I ordered Captain Creswell, of the marines to take possession of it in the name of his Britannic Majesty, and his Majesty's colours were hoisted. The next day the place was delivered up in form to the deputies of the island, his Sicilian Majesty's colours hoisted, and he acknowledged their lawful Sovereign.

I embarked yesterday all the French officers and men who were on the island of Goza, amounting to two hundred and seven.

I inclose the articles of capitulation, and an inventory of the arms and ammunition found in the Castle, part of which I directed to be sent to the assistance of the Maltese, who are in arms against the French.

There were 3200 sacks of corn in the Castle, which will be a great relief to the inhabitants, who are much in want of that article.

I have the honour to be, &c.

ALEX. JOHN BALL.

Rear Admiral Sir Horatio Nelson.

ARTICLES OF CAPITULATION.

Between ALEXANDER JOHN BALL, Esq. Captain of his Britannic Majesty's ship *Alexander*, appointed to conduct the Blockade of Malta, under Rear Admiral Sir HORATIO NELSON, K. B. on the part of Great Britain, and Lieutenant Colonel LOCHY, Adj. de Batt. Commander of the French troops in the Castle of Goza.

I.—The French troops shall march out of the Castle of Goza with the honours of war, and shall lay down their arms as they get out of the gate.

II.—The Castle of Goza, with all the military implements and stores, shall be delivered up to the British officer appointed to take charge of them.

III.—The French officer and troops shall be protected in their persons and effects, and the officers allowed to retain their side-arms; they shall be embarked on board his Britannic Majesty's ships, and sent to France in transports, at the expense of the French Government. They are not to serve against his Britannic Majesty, or his allies during the war, until regularly exchanged.

Rear Admiral Sir Horatio Nelson, K. B. has entered into articles with the inhabitants of Goza, that if the French surrender to the British, they shall be considered as under their protection; and they will not offer them the smallest insult or molestation.

Signed the 28th October 1798.

ALEXANDER JOHN BALL,

Captain of his Britannic Majesty's ship *Alexander*.

LOCHEY, Adj. de Batt.

Approved—HORATIO NELSON.

Extract of Articles found in the Castle of Goza, the 28th

October 1798.
50 barrels of powder—9000 ball cartridges—1000 musquet cartridges without ball—1700 flints—38 eighteen pound cartridges, filled—140 twelve pound do.—450 six pound do.—268 four pound do.—25 three pound do.—38 two pound do.—18 eighteen-pounder gun, good, and 200 shot—2 twelve-pounder gun, good, and 900 shot—4 six-pounder gun, good, and 2785 shot—400 hand grenades, filled—90 pikes—and 90 halberds—3200 sacks of corn.

N. E. No small arms, except those laid down by the French troops.

WAR-OFFICE—Dublin Castle, Dec. 17.

FENCIBLE INFANTRY.

2d Battalion of the Argyllshire.
Ensign Donald Carmichael to be Lieutenant, vice Browne, resigned. Ensign William Ballantine to be Lieutenant, vice Duncan M'L. rin, recommended for promotion.

West Lothian Fencible Infantry.
Captain-Lieutenant J. Munro to be Captain, vice Kennorwic, appointed to the Lancashire militia.

Forfar Gentlemen and Yeomanry.
Second Lieutenant John Webster, from the Inverarity Volunteers, to be Cornet.

Inverarity Yeomanry.
James Kerr to be Second Lieutenant, vice Webster, appointed to the Forfar gentlemen and yeomanry.

Moffat Volunteers.
Edward Anderson to be Lieutenant.

DECEMBER 26.

Paris papers to the 18th inst. have been received, from which we make the following extracts:

FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Proclamation of the Executive Directory to the Armies of the Republic.

CITIZEN SOLDIERS,

The voice of the nation again calls you forth to combat its enemies.

The French nation had hitherto spared the Courts of Naples and of Turin, but infult, treason, and assassination were the only fruits of their gratitude. The Executive Directory sacrificed for perhaps too long a time their sense of injury to their profound desire for peace; but what has been the fruit of their uniform moderation? The Neapolitan troops have attacked the soldiers of liberty! You shudder, Frenchmen; you will be still more shocked when you shall hear the insolent menace which accompanied the unjust aggression of your enemy. But the moment of vengeance is come.

The Directory have done all in their power for peace.—You, Citizen Soldiers, on your part will do all that is in your power for the honour and for the glory of your country. France has all her eyes upon you.—Recollect all that she is entitled to expect from your courage—recollect that the temples of the Republic should every ten days resound with the fame of your exploits—recollect that thirty millions of your brethren follow you with their eyes, and with their hearts in your glorious career. March: you will find among every people defenders and friends. Your cause is that of all the human race, while perjured Courts seek to plunge mankind in darkness and superstition, and in the horrors of slavery.

LA REVEILLERE, President.

LEGARD, Secretary.

17 Frimaire, Dec. 7, 1798.

General Championet writes to the Directory that having been suddenly attacked by General Mack, who commands the Neapolitan troops, he immediately concentrated his troops and preserved no garrisons, except in the strongest places and in fortresses.

Summons sent by General Mack to the Castle of St Angelo.

"SIR, The Commander in Chief of the Neapolitan army has desired me to inform you, that he has learned with the most lively indignation that you have dared to fire on his troops, and still more so, because General Championet had notified to him that he would evacuate Rome without making the smallest exception. He desires me to declare to you, that all the French who are sick in the hospitals at Rome, as well as the guards whom your General has left there, and who have been detained as prisoners, will be considered as hostages, and that every shot which you may fire upon the Neapolitan troops shall be followed by the death of a French soldier, who shall be given up to the just vengeance of the inhabitants.—You will yourself be answerable for the fate of these unhappy victims.

Rome, Nov. 28.

"GEN. BOUCHARD."

A true copy. CHAMPIONET.

General Mack himself sent a copy of this summons to General Championet, in a letter dated on the 8 Frimaire (Nov. 28.) From the answer of General Macdonald, it will be seen how much the language of real courage differs from that of arrogance.

Copy of the Letter written to General Mack, Commander of the Neapolitan army, by General Macdonald, from his headquarters at Monterotondo, on the 9th Frimaire (Nov. 29.)

The Commander in Chief has sufficient confidence in me to recognize as his own the reply which I now make to your letter, of the 8th of Frimaire. I well know

that he has not given any answer to your letters respecting the evacuation of the forts and strong places, and we consider the Castle of St Angelo as one of these. The silence of contempt was certainly what was due to your insolent threats on this subject, the only answer that could be expected consistently with the dignity of the French name. You boast of a regard for justice! and yet you invade the territory of a Republic in alliance with France, without provocation, and without its having given you the least reason for such conduct. You have attacked the French troops, who trusted in the most sacred defence, the law of nations, and the security of treaties. You have fired at our flags of truce which were proceeding from Tivoli to Vicavero, and you have made the French garrison at Rieti prisoners of war. You have attacked our troops on the heights of Terni, and yet you do not call that a declaration of war! The force of circumstances alone constrained us to evacuate the city of Rome, but, believe me (and you, Sir, well know the truth of what I am about to say,) that the conquerors of Europe will avenge such proceedings.

At present I confine myself merely to stating our injuries: the French army will do the rest. I declare to you, Sir, that I place our sick, the Commissary of War, Valville, and the other Frenchmen who have remained at Rome to take care of them, under the care of all the soldiers whom you command. If a hair of their head be hurt, it shall be the signal for the death of all the Neapolitan army. The French Republicans are not assassins; but the Neapolitan Generals, the officers, and the soldiers, who were taken prisoners of war on the day before yesterday on the heights of Terni, shall answer with their heads for their safety. Your summons to the commander of the Fort of St Angelo is of such a nature, that I have made it public, in order to add to the indignation and to the horror which your threats inspire, and which we despise as much as we do the consequences that are to be apprehended from them.

MACDONALD.

A true copy. CHAMPIONET.

While General Mack was sending these insolent summonses, General Rufca, who commanded a division of the French army, was destroying part of the Neapolitan army. The following is the letter of General Championet, in which he gives the details of this affair, which he announced only in a hasty postscript to his first letter:—

CHAMPIONET, COMMANDER IN CHIEF, TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY.

Head Quarters at San Benedetto, 11 Frimaire—Dec. 7.

CITIZEN DIRECTORS,

The Neapolitan Army had entered the territory of the Roman Republic three days before the head of their column appeared at Porto Fermo; their progress was marked by every provocation to revolt, and to the massacre of the friends of the French Republic. The houses of the Republicans were plundered, their families insulted, and the tocsin every where rung on the approach of our army to excite the people to murder our troops. On the first rumour of so unexpected an attack, General Rufca, consulting only his own valour, marched to Porto Fermo, with the 27th light battalion, the 17th and 73d of the line, and three detachments of the 19th dragons. His troops were in want of every thing; those of the enemy were furnished with all they could require—provisions, ammunition, a numerous train of artillery, and a considerable body of cavalry; but the courage of Republicans is superior to every difficulty.—After an engagement of two hours, the enemy retired with the greatest haste, leaving behind them their tents, baggage, artillery, chests, and a considerable number of their dead; three standards, and more than 600 prisoners; 30 pieces of cannon, and 40 covered waggons. In short, Citizen Directors, never was there a more complete defeat. Two of the enemy's tartans, laden with provisions, were taken, and two others sunk. I cannot sufficiently praise the courage of all the brave men who have distinguished themselves on this occasion. General Rufca himself deserves the highest eulogium, as well as the Chiefs of the 27th light troop, 17th and 73d of the line. A sergeant of the 73d demi-brigade, and a brigadier of the 19th regiment of dragons, carried off three standards, in the midst of a fire of musquetry. I have desired General Rufca to appoint them sub-lieutenants.

I should be happy if it were in my power to make as favourable a report of the generosity of our enemies, as the valour of our own soldiers; but such has been their barbarity, that two of our brave soldiers were found shot, with their hands bound, as well as the *Edile* and Adjutant of the Commune of Pedra, who had refused to strike the tri-coloured Roman flag. I have complained of this act of barbarity. It shall be avenged!

CHAMPIONET.

Extract from the General Orders of the Army of Italy. Head-Quarters of the Army at Milan.

JOUBERT, COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

The Commander in Chief has seen with pleasure the wife conduct of the different corps which compose the Army of Italy. He relies with confidence on their approved courage to fix the destiny of the Great Nation, of and the people who have attached their fate to theirs.

The army of Rome is already at issue with a King who has given them provocation. Woe be unto him, and those who make the common cause with him. Republican armies are not to be attacked with impunity. A year's rest has not made them forget that they have already made Kings lay down their arms.

JOUBERT.

MESSAGE OF THE DIRECTORY—Dec. 16.

CITIZEN REPRESENTATIVES,

"The French is matter of Turin. All the magazines and arsenals of Piedmont are in our power. The Piedmontese and Swiss troops have hoisted the National Cockade, and have joined the army of Italy.

"A Provisionary Government has been established at Turin, and the king has retired to Sardinia with his family."

PARIS—27th Frimaire (Dec. 17.)

A letter from the editor of the *Orateur du Capitoile*, dated from Florence, on the 13 Frimaire (Dec. 3) contains the following details relative to the attack made by the Neapolitan troops upon the Roman Republic:

The preparations of the King of Naples were for some time known at Rome, and from the small force which was there, it was made no secret that in case of an attack the French would be forced to retire. On the 24th of November, in the night, the Commander in Chief, Championet, received official intelligence that the Neapolitans had invaded the territory of the Roman Republic. At six in the morning the artillery were on their march, followed by the few French and Polish troops who composed the garrison. They immediately cut away the bridge of Tivoli, on the Tevere, be-

cause they understood that a column of the enemy had been able to penetrate on that side.

The minds of the people at Rome were in the mean time in the greatest state of uncertainty, while the Commander in Chief was concerting the means for defence, and Kellerman, the General of Brigade, was taking position at Tivoli. At eight in the evening a proclamation appeared from the General, which ordered among other things, that the priests who should not go forth in person to appease the insurrection in their respective districts, should within an hour be shot. In an hour afterwards, another proclamation was issued from the Commander of the National Guard, in consequence of which the guard was doubled, and the communication between the posts was arranged.

Proclamations from all the authorities were next issued, calculated to keep the best dispositions alive among the people.—The following night all was peaceable. On the next day the Consuls opened a register for all those who were desirous of defending their country. A very large number presented themselves, and an army was immediately organized. But what can a few brave men do against numerous troops, who surround them on all sides. Rome is by no means a good military station. The French were fearful of having their retreat cut off, and prudence dictated to them to evacuate it.

After having left a chosen garrison in the castle of St Angelo, the French army turned towards Civita Castellana, a military situation, where they might withstand a superior force while they waited for a reinforcement. The retreat was effected in the best order, on the morning of the 26th. The French Commissioners, the Consuls, the Senate, the Roman Tribunes, the Constituted Authorities, and a part of the National Guard, followed the Headquarters. The French who did not follow the army, and who took the road to Tuscany, were very ill treated at Viterbo and Agia Pendente, the inhabitants of which places rose in a state of insurrection on receiving intelligence that the King of Naples was marching against Rome. Some of the fugitives were plundered; and the accounts brought by those who arrived last, lead us to entertain apprehensions for the safety of those whom they left behind them. We have no news of Citizens Mechin and Margourit, who took this route. When we arrived at Tuscany we learnt that Leghorn was in possession of the Neapolitans, to the number of 6000. Nelson in person was commanding this expedition. After a faint resistance, the Tuscan Government signed the capitulation which was presented to them."

A convention was signed at Lucerne, on the 30th November, between Citizens Perrochel, the French minister, and Begos, the minister for foreign affairs of the Helvetic Republic. The substance of it is as follows: Switzerland shall furnish France with an auxiliary corps of 18,000 men. The French Republic shall at their own expense, recruit in Switzerland, and none but volunteers shall be raised. Every soldier shall have 24 livres bounty, and may be engaged for two or four years. The French Government will undertake that a Republic, which is in alliance with her, shall receive into permanent pay this body of troops as soon as its present destination shall be at an end.

We learn from Leghorn, that the Grand Duke of Tuscany had arrived there. Being terrified with the war in Italy, he has chosen this city as his abode, in order the more easily to avail himself of the protection of the English, in case he should be obliged to abandon his estates.

The deputation of the Germanic empire, in its sitting at Rastadt of the 9th instant, accepted the ultimatum of the French Ministers. The votes present were 8 to 2.

The insurrection in Flanders continues with violence.

Yesterday the purfers of the Carnatic, and Tannton Castle, received their final dispatches at the East India House. Passengers on board the Carnatic, Mungo Dick, Esq. senior merchant on the Madras establishment, Mrs Dick, and Miss Fanny Boydell; Tannton Castle, Mr Charles Gardiner, Mr Garrick Read, and Mr C. Reddih, cadets.

A repetition of the barbarous scenes which have desolated Switzerland, and destroyed the people of Unterwald, has been just exhibited by the French at Corsu. On the appearance of the Russian and Turkish combination squadrons, the inhabitants were ordered by the French Commandant to arm themselves for the purpose of opposing any landing. A great number of them, and particularly the people of the village of Manuccia, having refused, he ordered them all to be shot without distinction, and reduced the village to ashes. The severity of the Russians in making reprisals has been long proverbial, and the French banditti have probably, before this time, expiated the horrors with which they have tortured humanity.

PLYMOUTH—Dec. 24.

Arrived the Tamar frigate, of 38 guns, Captain T. Western, from the West Indies, together with twenty fail of homeward-bound West India ships, which came under her convoy, put in by contrary wind, which blows strong at east.

NEW-YORK—Nov. 10.

The yellow fever which broke out the beginning of September, continued raging until about 12 days ago, and seems now entirely subsided. The inhabitants fled to the country for safety, so that not 10,000 remained in the place—Between 2 and 3,000 have died.

We still continue preparing for war, although accounts from Europe say France has no desire to push us to that extremity.—However the best way is to be in readiness, and as those renegades who would favour the French interest, will find themselves mistaken.—Our Congress meet the beginning of next month.

One of the Dover stages, on its way to London, on Monday was stopped by a single highwayman, but being informed by the coachman there were no inside passengers, and only one in the balket, and he a tailor, the robber instantly proceeded to exercise his function upon the honest tar. When waking him out of his sleep, Jack demanded to know what he wanted? To which the son of plunder replied—"Your money." "You shant have it," says Jack. No, replied the robber, then I'll blow your brains out—"B—ff your eyes blow away," says Jack, "I may as well be without brains as money.—Drive on coachey."

—STOCKS.—

No business done this day.

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On Thursday evening one Benbridge, a young man residing at Dartmouth, who had for some time past discovered an attachment to Miss Ruffell, daughter of Mr Ruffell of that place, went to Mr Ruffell's house about nine o'clock, entered the room where the family were sitting, and expressed a wish to speak to Miss Ruffell. Mrs Ruffell refused, expressing her displeasure at his attention to her daughter. This the villain probably expected, for having provided himself with a long butcher's knife, he took an opportunity immediately after, and buried it with the most savage violence in the bosom of the unfortunate girl, who almost instantly expired. The wretch then stabbed himself in two places, but we believe not mortally. Assistance was called; he was immediately taken into custody, and will doubtless suffer the proper vengeance of the law for his diabolical atrocity.

INTERCEPTED CORRESPONDENCE.

Extract of a letter from Adjutant-General Boyer, to the Commander in Chief of the army of England.

Grand Cairo, July 28.

"My General,
"Our entrance into Grand Cairo will doubtless excite that sensation at home which every extraordinary event is calculated to produce; but when you come to know the kind of enemy we had to combat, the little art they employed against us, and the perfect nullity of all their measures, our expedition and our victories will appear to you very common things. We began by making an assault upon a place without any defence, and garrisoned by about 500 Janissaries, of whom scarce a man knew how to level a musket. I allude to Alexandria, a huge and wretched *desolation of a place*, open on every side, and most certainly very unable to resist the efforts of 25,000 men, who attacked it at the same instant. We lost, notwithstanding, 150 men, whom we might have preserved by only summoning the town, but it was thought necessary to begin by striking terror into the enemy. After this we marched against the Mamelukes; a people highly celebrated among the Egyptians for their bravery. This rabble (I cannot call them foldiers) which has not the most trifling idea of tactics, and which knows nothing of war but the blood that is spilt in it, appeared for the first time opposed to our army on the 13th of July. From the first dawn of day, they made a general display of their forces, which straggled round and round of the army like so many cattle, sometimes galloping, and sometimes pacing in groups of 10, 50, 100, &c. After some time, they made several attempts, in a style equally ridiculous and curious, to break in upon us; but finding every where a resistance which they probably did not expect; they spent the day in keeping us exposed to the fury of a burning sun. Had we been a little more enterprising this day, I think their fate would have been decided, but General Buonaparte temporized, that he might make a trial of his enemy, and become acquainted with their manner of fighting.

The day ended with the retreat of the Mamelukes, who scarcely lost 25 men. We continued our march up the Nile till the 21st, which was the day that put a final termination to the power of the Mamelukes in Egypt. I should be familiar with the language of the country, and what is of still more importance, in the confidence of the great, to be enabled to give an idea of the resources found in this city; but from the complaints I hear, and the demands of several Generals who wish to return, I can easily perceive that there are vast discontents in the army. Generally speaking, it is hardly possible to conceive the miseries endured by the army during its seventeen days march; finding no where a bit of bread, nor a drop of wine, we were reduced to live on melons, gourds, poultry, buffalo meat, and Nile water. Such, my General, is the succinct account of our operations. There is a talk already of our ascending the Nile, as far as the cataracts, an expedition that will make a number of officers throw up their commissions."

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—DECEMBER 29.

[FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

HOUSE OF COMMONS, Wednesday, Dec. 26.

HABEAS CORPUS ACT.

Mr Pitt moved the commitment of the habeas corpus bill.
Mr Courtenay rose to oppose the speaker's leaving the chair.—He said that, as an additional reason for opposing the bill, he should refer to the declaratory clause of the last session. The ground for passing the law was there stated to be preparations for the invasion, of these kingdoms by the enemy. This could no longer be stated as a reason for passing this bill. The enemy were discomfited in every quarter of the globe; we had obtained the sovereignty of the Mediterranean, and the victories of Lord St Vincent, Lord Nelson, &c. had carried the glories of Britain to the extremity of the world. Their laurels were fortunate to the country, for they had produced a kind of Parliamentary reform,

The speaker called Mr Courtenay to order, observing that what he was now saying had no connection with the bill.

Mr Courtenay then proceeded to relate what he had stated on the night before about the state prisoners, which he insisted he had stated correctly, so far as the circumstances came within his knowledge.

He then read a letter from Mrs Despard, which was published on Monday in the London Courier. It stated great hardships endured by Colonel Despard in prison.

This letter he contended was an additional proof of the truth of what he had stated to the House, though he acknowledged that when he saw Colonel Despard he made no complaint to him. Referring to what Mr Wilberforce had said the other night, he observed that the Honourable Gentleman had taken occasion to mix a good deal of religious facetiousness and some Christian rancour in his speech.

The Attorney General replied to Mr Courtenay. He referred to several letters from Mrs Despard to the Duke of Portland, and to the answers and orders the Noble Duke had given in consequence of her applications. These papers tended to disprove the statement in her letter; last of all he produced an affidavit made by the gaoler, of a conversation which had passed between him and Mrs Despard in the presence of the Colonel, since that letter appeared, which directly contradicted her letter. The Attorney General remarked that the Editor of the paper in which this letter had appear-

had made exactly the same kind of apology for inserting it as the Hon. Gentleman had thought proper to make for the statements he had brought forward, and the same kind of apology which that editor had thought proper to make when he published a false account relative to the usage of the French prisoners. This exercise of humanity, however, was all of one side, and nothing was thought of the humanity due to persons in public situations.

Mr Wilberforce rose. He observed, that the Hon. Gentleman frequently took opportunities of making attacks upon religion in that House. The vocabulary which he had used on the present occasion was very different from his. With him adjectives and substantives did not agree in the same manner. Religious facetiousness was not improper, but Christian rancour was inconsistent; besides, the Hon. Gentleman has shown that it was possible to be very irreligious and very dull at the same time.

Mr Courtenay explained.

Sir F. Burdett spoke, and produced some letters from the Manchester state prisoners complaining of the usage they had received.

Mr Burdett spoke, and vindicated the conductors of the prison.

Mr Canning made a very eloquent speech in answer to what had fallen from Mr Courtenay and Sir F. B.—He observed that whatever the Hon. Gentleman's (Mr Courtenay's) private creed might be, he believed he would not hereafter attempt any witticisms at religion when his Hon. Friend (Mr Wilberforce) was present.—He hoped that hereafter he would have the prudence to keep his religion for Smith and Bayly, his facts for Billingsgate, and his jokes for the hackney coachman who drove him to what he termed the English Baskie. The bill was committed.

The London post did not arrive to-day till after nine o'clock, owing to the depth of snow on the road.

The French papers are now perfected to the 18th inst. one of them contains some arguments to show that the report of the death of General BUONAPARTE is unfounded. This they infer from a discordancy in the dates of the circumstance and the dispatches.

The Lady of Lieutenant Colonel HUNTER, of the 48th regiment, was safely delivered of a son at Gibraltar, on the 30th of November.

Died at Stirling on the 21st ult. Lieutenant JOHN WILSON, engineer.

Arrived on Thursday last, at WALKER'S Hotel, No. 4, their Graces the Duke and Duchess of MONTEBRO, from Buchanan House, on their way to London.

Yesterday, a Lady sent a guinea to purchase seals for the use of the prisoners in the tolbooth.

WILLIAM KERR, Esq. of the General Post-Office, has received an anonymous letter, bearing the postmark of Stirling, enclosing a 5l. note, and wrote in the infidus thus:—"For the relatives of the killed, &c. in Lord Nelson's fleet. B. B."

To prevent accidents, families ought to cause the pavement in front of their houses, to be flanked with alders during intense frost. All slides made by boys on the street should be broke up immediately.

OGDEN, a pawnbroker, who had absconded from Manchester, was apprehended at Edgeware on Wednesday se'ennight, by whose detection, stolen property to the amount of 2000l. has been discovered.

Last Saturday night a countryman was attacked near Seaton dykes, Old Aberdeen, by three footpads, who robbed him of 14l. They attempted to rob a person coming past on horseback, but he got off by putting spurs to his horse.

The latest accounts from Ireland represent many parts of that country as suffering the greatest distress from frothing hordes, who burn or carry off whatever property falls in their way.—Murders are every night perpetrated.

The country people are flocking in great numbers into Dublin, and some of the papers mention, that apprehensions are entertained of another insurrection.

The following curious account of a method of increasing the fecundity of Salmon and Trout, is given in the proceedings of the Royal Academy of Berlin:—"The secret consists in taking the males and females of each sort, until the one discharges the milt, and the other the roe, both of which are to be mingled together, and thrown into the fish pond. This operation may be repeated several times in a year, and at each time may be performed six days successively on the same fish."

CHARITY SERMON.

At request of the Gentlemen of the Royal Edinburgh Volunteer first regiment Artillery and Infantry, a SERMON is to be preached in St Andrew's Church, on Tuesday the 1st of January 1799, at 12 o'clock noon, by the Rev. Dr William Moodie.

The money collected at the Church doors to be applied to the relief of the Industrious Poor, Destitute Sick, &c. The greater part of the body of the Church is allotted for the accommodation of the Public, who, it is hoped, will, with their wonted liberality, contribute on this occasion, the inclement season rendering the necessities of the Poor most urgent. The collection is to be distributed by a Committee of the Corps, in the same way as done by Committees formerly appointed, who have very attentively administered the collections for four bygone years, in the most extensive manner, to the great relief of numerous objects in distress.

Striking Proof of the Improvement in Agriculture.

Four years ago the road leading from Longcarseway Head (one mile north from Stirling), was made turnpike to the lower bridge of Ardoch, a distance of 11 miles. When the gates were first erected, they were let for the annual rent of 474l. but in November last for the astonishing sum of upwards of 800l.

The annual interest of debt incurred in making the road, with the expense of keeping it in repair and other necessary charges, does not exceed 400l. which leaves a sinking fund of more than 400l. to complete the road to the cross of Grigg, where fortunately the trust terminates.

Turnpike roads, when judiciously made and well managed (which certainly must be the case here), are the first and most solid improvements that can take place in a country, and it is thought the great excrecence of revenue may be proper for government yet to have recourse to.

So much convinced is the majority of the gentlemen who act as trustees for this road, of its beneficial effects, that they now cheerfully pay 3d. at each gate for the cart of coal and lime, when formerly they could not be convinced it was their interest to pay at the rate of 1d.

"Tempore mutantur."

Who will say agriculture is ruined? Facts speak for themselves. CHIEFF, Dec. 22, 1798.

THE BERWICK MERCHANTS, Captain White, lately put on shore on the Essex Coast, has been got off with little or no damage—and the Ceres, Captain Bruce, goes first favourable opportunity from London, to take on board the cargo of the Berwick Merchants, and bring it to Leith.

The Britannia, Nisbet, Neptune, Hall, Ceres, Bruce, London and Berwick Packet, Ward and Commercial Packet, Mosley, arrived safe in the river Thames last Saturday the 23d ult.

LEITH, Dec. 27, 1798.

Sign of the Leeward Island, fleet have arrived in the Clyde viz. Discovery, Reid, from St Vincent's—Dart, Wylie, from Grenada—Lady Shaw Stewart, Service, from Tobago—Eliza Wilson, from Tortola—Albion, —, from Tobago—and Recovery, McLaren, from St Kitts.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Dec. 28, 1798. ARRIVED, Robertson, from Petersburg, goods;—Hope, Charteris, from London, wheat;—Leith, Macfie, from Greenock, goods;—Maria, Jameson, from Liverpool, ditto;—Welfare, Greig, from ditto, ditto;—Peggy, Skirvan, from Lisbon, wine, &c. and six sloops with coals.

CLEARED OUT.

Peggy, Blackwood, for Berwick, goods;—Edinburgh and Berwick Packet, Cooper, for London, ditto;—Speedwell, Crighton, for Aberdeen, ditto;—Hawk, Tod, for Anstruther, goods;—Margaret, Millar, for London, ditto.

Wind S. W. moderate.

LLOYD'S MARINE LIST.—Dec. 25.

The Invincible Buonsaparte French corvette of 18 guns, and 175 men, is captured by the Boadicea frigate, and sent into Portsmouth.

The John and Martha, Murphy, from Gibraltar, is on shore at Plymouth, and bilged.

The John, Wheatley, from Archangel to London, is captured by the Anacreon privateer.

The Fanny, Bell, from Petersburg to Lisbon, is lost on the Goodwin Sands—Crew saved.

The Medusa man of war was drove on shore in a gale of wind, at Gibraltar, the 22d November—also a large ship from the West Indies, and it is feared will be lost.

The Resolution, Irish; and Barbara, Gardner, from the South Seas, were left all well the 26th October, seven leagues N. E. of Madeira; parted company with the East India fleet in lat. 45. 45. long. 13. 10.

The Brothers, Super, from Figueira to Newfoundland, has been taken, given up to the crew, and arrived back at Figueira.

The Konningmine Lonis Van Prussia, Harms, from Embden to Liverpool, is lost on the ice of Man, a small part of the cargo saved.

The Phoenix, Redman, from Grenada to London, sprung a leak in her way to St Kitt's, where she must unload.

The Eliza, King, from Hamburg for Africa and Surinam, sailed in September 1797, and has not since been heard of.

The Woodcut and the Raymond, captured on the Malabar coast, were both at the Isle of France, in September last.

The Ceres, Whitway, from Newfoundland to Oporto, is taken by a privateer off Oporto Bar.

The Thetis, McNiel, from London to Dublin, was lost on Arklow Banks, 14th inst.

The Daphne privateer of Guernsey, has been taken in the Mediterranean, by four Spanish frigates, and carried into Cartagena.

The Pluto frigate has captured a large Spanish ship, loaded with sugar and cotton, valued at 40,000l. and carried to St John's, Newfoundland.

A large Dutch ship, from the West Indies, has been deserted and burnt at sea.

The Tuscan, Owen, from Demerara to England; and the Mary, Youngusband, from Demerara to Barbadoes and New York, are captured in the West Indies.

The Hebe, Alatterface, from Newfoundland to Portugal, has been taken by a Spanish privateer, retaken, and carried to Lisbon, with the privateer.

WINDS AT LEITH.

December 21. S. S. W.—22. W. S. W.—23. E.—24. E. blows hard.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 4.—Lisbon, 2.
Dut—Ireland, 5.—Hamburg, 3.—Leeward Islands 7.

HADDINGTON, Dec. 28.						
Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Peas.	Beans.	Rye.	
First 24s. 0d.	18s. 6d.	14s. 6d.	12s. 0d.	12s. 6d.	13s. 0d.	
Second 22s. 0d.	18s. 0d.	14s. 0d.	11s. 0d.	11s. 0d.	11s. 0d.	
Third 19s. 0d.	16s. 0d.	13s. 0d.	10s. 0d.	9s. 0d.	9s. 0d.	

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.

			A. M.		P. M.	
Dec. 24.	—	—	33	27	—	—
— 25.	—	—	30	29	—	—
— 26.	—	—	26	23	—	—
— 27.	—	—	25	22	—	—
— 28.	—	—	20	23	—	—

FOR SALE.

LARGE and small Grained Fishery Salt.—Apply to WILLIAM GLOVER, Leith.

Just Published.

And Sold by J. OGLE, Parliament Square, Edinburgh; M. OGLE, Wilson Street, Glasgow; and R. OGLE, No. 112, Gray's Inn Lane, London.

DISCOURSES of the Honourable and Reverend William Broome Cadogan; to which are added, Observations on the Lord's Prayer, and Letters to his Friends, with Memoirs of his Life by the Rev. Richard Cecil, 7s. boards.

THE TRUE PATRIOT, a Sermon, by Richard Cecil, A. M.

FRIENDLY ADVICE, from a Minister to the Servants of his Parish, 6d. or 5s. per dozen, by the same.

FRIENDLY VISIT to the House of Mourning, 4d. or 3s. per dozen, by the same.

SERMONS to COUNTRY CONGREGATIONS, by the Rev. George Haggitt, 2 vols. 12s. boards.

FAMILY SERMONS, by the Rev. E. W. Whitaker, vol. I. 6s. boards.—To be completed in 3 vols.

Two DISCOURSES, the first preached on occasion of the Death of the Rev. James Alice, the second preached in the High Church of Paisley, before the Friends of the Sabbath Schools, by the Rev. W. Ferrier, Paisley, 1s. 6d.

MINISTERIAL FAITHFULNESS recommended in a Sermon preached at Edinburgh by the Rev. W. Willis, Greenock; together with a Letter respecting the Rise, Progress, and Present State of the Mourful Confusion in the Secession, price 6d.

NATIONAL BLESSINGS Considered and Improved, in a Sermon by the Rev. Alexander Black, Musselburgh; to which is added, an Extract from a Sermon of the Rev. Mr Hall of Edinburgh, both preached on the occasion of the late Thanksgiving, 6d.

A BRIEF ENQUIRY into the Nature, Order, and Worship of the Christian Church, as delineated in the Scriptures of Truth, by a Society of Private Christians in Edinburgh.

THE VOYAGE of LA PEYROUSE round the World, illustrated with fifty-one Plates, 2 vols.

THE ANNUAL REGISTER, or a View of the History, Politics, and Literature for the year 1792, 2 vols. 13s. boards.

LOVER'S VOWS, a Play, in five Acts, from the German of Kotschue, by Miss Inchbold, 2s.

LETTERS of MADAM DU MONTIER, translated from the French, by Miss Newman, a new edition, 3 vols. boards, 10s. 6d.

VARIOUS PIECES in Prose and Verse, by the late Nathaniel Cotton, M.D. 2 vols. bound, 7s.

VISIONS in VERSE, for the Entertainment and Instruction of younger minds, a new edition, with six fine Engravings, 2s. bound, or 1s. 6d. sewed in coloured paper, by the same.

PAUL and VIRGINIA, translated from the French of Saint Pierre, by Miss Williams, with five elegant Engravings, bound 3s. 6d.

MAYOR'S BRITISH FLORIST, 5 vols. 15s. sewed.

SACRED HISTORY, in familiar Dialogues, for the Instruction of Youth, 4 vols. by a Lady, 14s.

THE HISTORY of the JEWS, from the time of Nehemiah to the destruction of Jerusalem, by the same, 3s. 6d. bound.

AMUSEMENT-HALL, or an Easy Introduction to the attainment of Useful Knowledge, 2s. 6d. bound, by the same.

ESTELLE, by the author of Numa Pompilius, translated from the French by Mrs Susannah Cunningham, 3 vols. 4s. boards.

CHEAP REPOSITORY TRACTS, Entertaining, Moral, and Religious, 3 vols. boards, 9s.

THE GUIDE to DOMESTIC HAPPINESS, in a Series of Letters, by an eminent Banker in London, 3s. 6d. boards.

THE REFUGEE, 3d edition, finely printed, with an elegant Frontispiece, by the same, 4s. 6d.

THE PATRIOT, a Poem, by a Citizen of the World, price 1s.

THE LAWFULNESS of DEFENSIVE WAR upon Christian principles impartially considered, by a Clergyman of the Church of England, price 6d.

J. O. has just received from London, an Extensive Collection of Valuable BOOKS in the various branches of Literature, particularly a good assortment of Historical and Divinity Books, second-hand Dictionaries, Lexicons and Classics in *unum* Vol. 25s. also, a great variety of Ladies and Gentlemen's Memorandum Books, with various Publications for the Amusement and Instruction of Youth; well suited for New Year's Gifts; also, several new Publications in French, proper for Boarding Schools.

GROUND CUTTERS WANTED.

A WAGGON ROAD is to be made the ensuing Spring between the East of Elgin's Lime Works at Charlton and his Colliery of West Baldrick; and Estimates for forming that Road will be received by William Waterhouse at Charlton town, his Lordship's factor, &c. so will show the Tract, and the depth of the Cuts and Embankments.

Charlton, 15 North Queensferry, Dec. 18, 1798.

HERRING FISHERY IN THE FRITH OF FORTH. A General Meeting of the Fish Curers in the Frith of Forth is to be held in the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday 2d January next, when a copy of Sir D. Ryder's letter, and other matters of importance will be laid before them, for their consideration.

As the New Fishery Bill will soon be finished, it is requested all concerned will attend.

Signed,

JOHN WATSON, Chairman.

WIGTOWNSHIRE MILITIA.

THE KING having been pleased to signify, by an Order in Council, that it was judged expedient to call out the remainder of the Militia for Scotland, and to incorporate them with the new regiments already formed, Notice is therefore hereby given to the following persons in the respective parishes aforementioned, viz.

Wigtown.

John McKie, with William McKie, in Belmoy
James McKie, with James McKie, stationer, Wigtown, now in Dumfries.
Nathaniel Murray, carter in Wigtown.

Penningham.

Alexander McDowall, in Kirkcaldy
John Shaw, in Oldhall
Andrew Milligan, cotton mill, Newton Douglas
Robert Thomson, in Firthaloch.

Kirkcaldy.

James Milligan, son to Peter Milligan, tenant in Kilpatrick dale.

Alexander McCulloch, carpenter in Kirkcaldy.

Machan.

Thomas Matthews, labourer at Merton.

Kirkcaldy.

Andrew Melmore, servant to William Carson, Baldon.

Barry.

Nathaniel McGowan, servant in Midtown.

Whithorn.

Robert McDowall, servant in Clunich.

Whithorn.

Joseph Bryce, labourer in Whithorn.

Whithorn.

Alexander Campbell, Broughton.

Whithorn.

Alexander McKie, Drummer.

Whithorn.

Thomas Dancy in Aikack.

Whithorn.

Nathaniel Douglas, soldier, Stranraer.

Whithorn.

Thomas Davidson, wright, there.

Whithorn.

Hugh Martin, farmer's son in Leith.

Whithorn.

William McCulloch in Creech.

Whithorn.

John McWilliam, labourer.

Whithorn.

John Parker, shoemaker in Stewarton.

Whithorn.

Joseph Kinnaird, weaver in Clacharmore.

Whithorn.

John McKie, tailor in Craigheroch.

Whithorn.

John McKie in Craigheroch.

Whithorn.

William McKie, servant in Craigheroch.

Whithorn.

William McKie, servant in Barriort.

Whithorn.

(Whose names were drawn in the first ballot to serve as MILITIA MEN for the respective Par

SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Dec. 21.—ANDREW LADIE, Merchant in Perth.—Creditors to meet in Duncan McDougal's, vintner there, on the 2d January, at noon, to choose an interim factor; and on the 1st February, to choose a trustee.

22.—HUGH ARMSTRONG, Merchant in South Queensferry.—Creditors to meet in Muir Ross's, vintner at Newhall, on the 3d January, at noon, to choose an interim factor; and on the 2d February, to choose a trustee.

26.—JOHN CAMPBELL, late Vintner in Perth.—Creditors to meet in Thomas Wakefield's, vintner there, on the 2d January, at noon, to choose an interim factor; and on the 31st January, to choose a trustee.

Creditors of ANDREW PLUMMER, Fletcher in Edinburgh, to meet in John's Coffee-house on the 2d January, at two P. M. to choose a trustee.

HUGH PROVAND, Travelling Merchant, Glasgow, to lodge at 11, with Peter Paterson, writer there, before 23d January, after which they will receive their dividends.

JOHN WEMYSS and SONS, Merchants in Dundee, to see a state of their affairs with Thomas Mawer, writer there, till the 2d February, when they will receive their dividends.

To the Creditors of MR ALEXANDER MCKENZIE, Writer in Edinburgh.

IN the process of Multiplicand (M. P. B. clerk) presented by depending before the Court of Session, at the instance of Mr Charles Selkirk, accountant in Edinburgh, trustee for the said Alexander McKenzie and his creditors, Lord Ekegrove Ordinary, by interlocutor dated the 1st June last, appointed the creditors to produce their interests in the hands of the clerk to the process, within ten days, in order to dispute their preferences.

Although intimation of this interlocutor has been made in the M. P. B. book, yet few of Mr McKenzie's creditors have complied with the appointment. This public notice is therefore given of it; and the creditors are requested to lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths on the verity, in the clerk's hands, on or before the 10th day of January next; otherwise they will receive no part of the funds to be divided.

Edinburgh, Dec. 27. 1798.

TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of JOHN and ALEXANDER FERGOUSONS, late Cotton Spinners in Down, are requested to lodge their claims and grounds of debt, with affidavits on the verity thereof, with Robert Mitchell, jun. merchant in Down; or John Macfarlane, tenant at Kerse of Cambus, trustees for the creditors of the said John and Alexander Fergusons, and that on or before the first day of February next, when a scheme of division of the funds in the trustee's hands will be made out; certifying, that those who fail to comply with this notification will be excluded from any share of the funds.

Not to be repeated.

LANDS IN KINROSS-SHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, on Wednesday 30th January 1799, at six o'clock in the evening.

THE TOWN AND LANDS of WARROCH, consisting of about 607 acres of excellent pasture ground, lying in the parish of Orwell, about four miles west from Kinross. These lands are at present let to a substantial tenant, whose lease expires at Martinmas 1802, when it is expected the rent will rise considerably. They hold fee of a subject superior.

For particulars, application may be made to John Young, writer, No. 41, Queen Street, in whose hands are the title-deeds, and who has power to conclude a bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be Sold by Private Bargain.

THE FARM AND LANDS of EASTER KENNESIDEHEADS, situated in the parish of Eccles, on both sides of the high road leading from Greenlaw to Kelso, and about four miles from each of these towns.

The lands consist of 313 acres, on which there is a new and substantial outland, and the whole, except 19 acres of thriving plantation, is let on an improving lease to one tenant, at the yearly rent of 265l. Sterling.

For further particulars application may be made to Mr Low Woodend, by Dunse, who has power to conclude a bargain.

SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup.

THE Lands and Estate of LETHENDY and others, lying in the parishes of Lethendy, Caputh, and Clunie. Also, the Lands of MELGUNCH and BALGRAY, lying in the parish of St Martins, all which belonged to Mr Mercer of Lethendy. The rent of the whole estate is upwards of 1200l. a-year. The lands will be exposed in different lots, according to their contiguity. The day of sale to be afterwards fixed.

The title-deeds, plans, and rentals are in the hands of James Stuart, writer to the signet, Hope Park, Edinburgh, to whom application may be made for further particulars.

The tenants will show the grounds.

LANDS IN KIRKCUDBRIGHT, BERWICK, AND ARGYLSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon the 8th day of February, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon, in the following Lots:

LOT I.—THE FREEHOLD ESTATE and BARONY of MAINS of SOUTHWICK, in the Stewartry of Kirkcubright, consisting of upwards of 1800 acres, English statute measure, of arable, pasture, and meadow ground, well inclosed and subdivided mostly with durable stone dykes. In point of situation the estate is pleasantly situated, being near to the shore of Solway Firth, opposite to Maryport, 12 miles south of Dumfries; four miles west from the mouth of the Nith, and the water of Southwick is navigable up to the lands. There are thriving valuable copice woods and plantations, about 40 years growth, on the estate, with an excellent Mansion-house. The valuation is L. 472 Scots.—William Baird, overseer, will show the premises.

LOT II.—THE LANDS of DODHOUSE and DODHOUSE RIG, 20 miles south of Edinburgh, 11 south of Haddington on the road to and in the parish of Lauder, and measuring about 1000 acres, upwards of 200 whereof has been improved with lime and dung. There is an Ostead of Houses in sufficient repair upon the lands, and the tenants will show the same.

LOT III.—THE LANDS, HILL, and SHORE of BENENBOCH, situated in the south-west of the island of Mull, consisting of upwards of 1800 acres of good pasture ground, very improvable, and would admit of being inclosed at a small expense. There is a promising appearance of coal, level free, of a rich eaking quality, upon the property; and as there is a great demand for coal on the west coast, and the distance to the harbour of Lochcristen being short, a very considerable sale may be expected.

Intending purchasers may apply to Henry Jardine, Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, who will show the plans of the estate, and inform as to other particulars; and Mr William Laidlaw, writer in Dumfries, will give information respecting the estate of Mains.

FARM IN BERWICKSHIRE TO LET.

To be Let, for twenty-one years, or for such other time as may be agreed upon,

THE FARM of HOMEBANK, lying in the parish of Eccles, and shire of Berwick, as presently possessed by Alexander Hog.

This farm consists of about 227 acres, English statute measure, generally of exceeding good soil, and pleasantly situated on the banks of the Tweed. There is an exceeding good Steading and Offices on this farm; and the whole is completely inclosed and subdivided with thriving fences, which, as well as the houses, &c. the present tenant obliged to leave in perfect order and repair. This farm is steeply sloping, and from certain restrictions in the present lease with regard to grass, fallow, &c. the incoming tenant's entry must be a favourable one.

The present tenant's possession expires, with regard to the grass pasturage, and houses, &c. at Whitsunday 1800; and, with regard to the arable lands, at the separation of the crop from the ground that year, Alexander Hog, the present tenant, will show the farm.

Proposals for a lease of this farm, betwixt and the 15th April next, may be addressed to Mrs Smith of Homebank, at Dalry, near Edinburgh; or to George Napier, writer in Edinburgh. And, such offers as are not accepted will be cancelled, if required. And, if an agreement by private bargain does not take place betwixt and the said 15th of April next, the farm will then be Let by public roup.—Dec. 1798.

SALE OF LANDS

In the Shire of Dumfries, and Stewartry of Kirkcubright.

To be sold by public roup, within the King's Arms Tavern in Dumfries, upon Thursday the 28th day of March next, betwixt the hours of 11 and 12 at noon.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, viz.

THE LANDS and BARONY of DUNCOW, and LANDS of NEWLANDS, lying in the parish of Kirkcubright and shire of Dumfries, consisting of the Farms after mentioned, and containing 1735 acres Scotch Statute Measure, or thereby, now rented at 787l. 7s. Sterling. The Barony of Duncow stands valued at 650 marks, holding blench of the Crown; and the Farm of Newlands, which is valued at 75 marks, holds of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu duty. The proprietor has right to the teinds, which were valued in the year 1753. They pay of stipend to the Minister yearly 10l. 12s. 8d. in money, 130 stone of meal, and 60 Nithsdale pecks of bare.

The Barony is situated along the east banks of the river Nith, within five miles of the Town of Dumfries, and the high road from Dumfries to Thornhill runs through it. This estate is highly improvable, and the beauty of the situation is remarkable, which renders it a very desirable purchase to any gentleman wishing to build a house for his residence. There is both some Young Planting and Old Timber on the premises, and there are several Free Stone Quarries on the Estate, of excellent quality; and it is only five miles distant from Closeburn Lime Kilns.

If not sold in one Lot, the same will be immediately thereafter exposed in the following Lots, viz.—

LOT I.—The Farm of KERRICKS, as possessed by John Smith, by tack current to Whitsunday 1812, containing about 87 acres, at a rent of 100l.

LOT II.—QUARRELMOOD, as possessed by John Walter, John Rodden, — Curtis, and John Crombie, on tacks current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 61l. 6s.—besides some cot-houses and yards not rented, containing 108 acres, 1 rood, or thereby.

LOT III.—NEWLANDS and DUNCOWMUIR, possessed by William Dinwiddie, on a lease current to Whitsunday 1802, at a rent of 76l. containing about 97 acres of arable land, and about 691 acres of moor pasture. This farm, when the present tack expires, will set for a great additional rent.

LOT IV.—The West Division of DUNCOW and MILN, now possessed by Robert Robson, on a tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 150l. and containing 143 acres, 1 rood, or thereby, besides cot-houses and yards.

LOT V.—South Division of DUNCOW, as possessed by J. Corrie, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 100l. containing about 108 acres of land.

LOT VI.—North Division of DUNCOW, as possessed by William Rodden, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 51l. 1s. containing about 121 acres of land, with some cot-houses and yards.

LOT VII.—East Division of ditto, called BROOMDYKES, as possessed by John Corrie and John Smith, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 85l. containing about 199 acres, 2 roods of land, or thereby.

LOT VIII.—Four Small Divisions of DUNCOW, as possessed by James McCron, John Dinwiddie, Joseph McNae, and Alexander Robson, at a rent of 30l. 3s. by tacks current to Whitsunday 1800, containing about 33 acres, 2 roods.

LOT IX.—Six Acres, 2 Roods of Land, or thereby, in DUNCOW, as possessed by James Black, per tack current to Whitsunday 1812, at a rent of 10l.

LOT X.—SANDBED, possessed by James Smith, per tack current to Whitsunday 1812, at a rent of 18l. containing about 26 acres.

LOT XI.—NETHERHOLM, as possessed by James Taylor, per tack current to Whitsunday 1812, at 105l. 7s. 7d. of rent, containing about 91 acres, 1 rood.

These whole farms are inclosed with sufficient dykes, and there are several division fences. The landlord pays all the public burdens; and if the lands are sold in lots, the public burdens will be proportioned among them.

Also, to be Sold at the same time, the Farms after mentioned, lying in the Stewartry of Kirkcubright, in the following Lots, viz.—

LOT XII.—The Lands of CRAIGLEY, in the parish of Orr, as possessed by Robert Smith, on a lease current to Whitsunday 1807, at a rent of 60l. containing about 138 acres, valuation 70l. Scots, and ministers stipend about 17s.

LOT XIII.—LITTLE BAREILL, in the parish of Orr, as possessed in two farms, one part by John Little, per lease current to Whitsunday 1810 at a rent of 33l. 10s. and the other part by James Little, per tack current to Whitsunday 1799, at a rent of 37l. 10s. containing in whole 280 acres or thereby, valued at 45l. Scots, and paying about 17s. of ministers stipend.

LOT XIV.—BETTYKNOWS, in the parish of Lochrutton, as possessed by James Clark, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 50l. and containing 173 acres, 2 roods, or thereby, valuation 80l. Scots.

LOT XV.—MICKLE BAREILL, in the parish of Lochrutton, as possessed by William Scott, per tack, current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 68l. containing about 221 acres, valuation 80l. Scots.

LOT XVI.—DEANSTOWN, in Lochrutton, as possessed by Jas. Johnston, per tack current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 44l. containing 140 acres or thereby, valuation 42l. Scots.

LOT XVII.—BRAE or NETHER BAREILL, in Lochrutton, as possessed by John and William Hyslop, per tack, current to Whitsunday 1810, at a rent of 51l. containing 189 acres, 2 roods, or thereby, valuation 80l. Scots.

The stipends payable to the Minister of Lochrutton out of these lands, and the other lands in that parish, retained by the proprietor, will be proportioned among them.

LOT XVIII.—THE ISLAND of HESTON, in the Bay of Auchincarrig, possessed by Mr Cairns of Torris, at the rent of 21. 10s. There is no lease on this lot, and it pays neither teind nor supply.

The lands in the stewartry of Kirkcubright hold of the Crown; the teinds belong to the Proprietor, and were valued in the year 1753. The purchasers are to enter to the possession of the whole premises at Whitsunday 1799, and the price are to be paid at Lammass and Martinmas thereafter.

The title deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of John Gordon, writer to the signet, North Frederick Street, Edinburgh. Plans of the lands may be seen in the hands of George Maxwell of Carrachan, to whom or to John Maxwell Esq. of Terraghty, any person wanting further information or wishing to make a private bargain, may apply, and the tenants of the different farms will show the lands.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLSHIRE.

ESTATE OF CRAIGNISH.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 30th January next, at two o'clock afternoon, vice 5th December, formerly advertised, in one or two lots, as intending purchasers may incline.

THE ESTATE of CRAIGNISH, lying in the parish of Craighish, consisting of between 1800 and 1900 acres chiefly arable and green pasture, conform to survey and plan. If exposed in Lots the Lands, &c. will be divided as follows:

LOT I.—FARMS of BARRACKAN, AUCHINARNISH, and GARTCHURRAN, presently rented about 350l. Sterling, besides the help of the shores, which are productive.

LOT II.—THE FARM of PENNYCASTLE with the Islands—the Farm of AIRD, with the Public-house, Ferry, and Islands—the Farm of KIRKTON, with the Island Bouie, and the Pendicle of Dunvally, all presently rented about 275l. Sterling, besides the help.

The lands are held of a subject superior for payment of about 15l. feu-duty, except the lands of Kirkton, which hold of the Crown.

For soil and situation, this estate possesses many superior advantages, being situated upon the west coast immediately opposite, and within three miles of the west entry of the Crinan Canal. The mansion-house (to which there is an excellent carriage road from Inverary) is sufficient for the accommodation of a large family, and a complete court of offices was built some years ago.

On the farm of Pennycastle, which is subdivided and inclosed, there is a good deal of thriving planting. This makes a beautiful summer residence, the country around affording great amusement in fishing and shooting, and the Castle of Craighish commands a delightful and picturesque view of the Sound of Jura, and the adjacent Hebrides.

The title deeds, plan, and rental, will be seen by applying to Mr Keay, accountant, George Street; or Mr James Campbell, W. S. Argyll Square, either of whom is empowered to treat by private bargain.

The ground officer will show the premises.

SALE OF MILLS AND HOUSES.

To be Sold by auction, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 16th January 1799, at one o'clock afternoon.

The following SUBJECTS in Lots:

I. THE LANDS of BONNYHAUGH, with the Mansion-house, Office-houses, Bleachfield, and Gardens there, to belonging: As also, the MILLS of BONNINGTON with the Kiln, Lofts, Granaries, &c. as formerly advertised, at the upset price of 5276l. 11s. 8d. If the Mills shall not be sold they will be Let: The Entry to commence at Whitsunday 1799.

II. THE DWELLING HOUSE, Work-house, Offices, Shades, Waste Ground, &c. situated in Baillie Fife's Close, Edinburgh, occupied by Mr William Coulter, and by Messrs Ferrier and Dallas; with the other Houses in the said close, occupied by J. and W. White, painters, Alexander McDonald, and John McCraw. These subjects are insured in the Friendly Insurance Office, on the old plan, at a valuation of 1500 l. Scots. They are rented at 47 l. and will be exposed at 637 l. Sterling, with the benefit of the insurance.

III. THE SECOND FLAT above the pavement of the Tenement, No. 13, in Prince's Street, consisting of four rooms, kitchen, cellars, &c. possessed by Miss Dundas: The THIRD FLAT of the said Tenement, consisting of six rooms, kitchen, cellars, &c. possessed by Mrs Crawford: and the GARRET FLAT, consisting of three rooms and a closet, posed by Donald McDonald.

These subjects enter from South St Andrew's Street, by Meuse Lane, are rented at 57 l. and are to be exposed at 695 l. Sterling.

IV. That LODGING, being the second flat from the street, on the south side of George's Square, consisting of five rooms, and a kitchen, with two cellars, back ground, and pump well, rented at 38 l. and occupied by Mr Achibald Dunbar, W. S. to be exposed at 450 l. Sterling.

V. That LODGING, being the second flat above the sunk storey, of the tenement built upon the lands called Wind Mill Acres, immediately to the south of the Chapel of Ease, consisting of five rooms, a kitchen and cellar, with the privilege of back ground, and a pump well, as occupied by Miss Clark, at the rent of 20 l.—to be exposed at 250 l. Sterling.

VI. That TENEMENT, called St John's Chapel, on the north side of the High Street, of Canongate, near the Water-Gate, as presently possessed by Mrs Scott, George Pringle, Charles Boyd, Jean Bell, Mr Boyer, Mrs Alexander, Mr Soss, Mrs Lacey, and William Grant, rented at 41 l. 10s.—and to be exposed at 57 l. Sterling.

The titles of the subjects, and conditions of sale, with the judicial rental, and value in 1793, and the present rental, will be shown by Charles Bremner, W. S. who will give any further information which may be required.

SALE OF LANDS

IN THE COUNTY OF ARGYLL.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, upon Wednesday the 23d day of January next, at 2 o'clock afternoon—

THE following Parts of the LANDS and ESTATE of KINERLOCH, viz. The Island of CARNA, the Lands of AULTACHONICK, the Lands of KILMALIEU, and the Lands of GLENGALMADALE.

These lands will be exposed either in one or separate Lots, as shall appear most convenient for intending purchasers. The island of Carna in Lochcarn is peculiarly well adapted for, and is well known to be one of the best wintering in the Highlands—the shores produce annually a considerable quantity of kelp, which with attention may be greatly increased.—There is on this island an extensive stock of oak, which if preserved properly, would be of considerable value. There is safe anchorage all round the island, so that the produce may with ease and safety be carried to market.

The present rent of this island is 63 l. Sterling, but it being now out of lease, a considerable rise of rent may be expected.

The other lands, which are let on short leases, are of very great extent, the grass of an excellent quality, and are considered as good sheep pasture as any in the Highlands of Scotland.

The present rent of the whole lands under sale, is 413 l. Sterling, but as the leases are not of long duration, and upon a moderate calculation it is supposed the rent of the whole may rise to about 540 l. Sterling.

The lands are held blench of the Crown, and as much superiority as will create a freehold qualification, will be sold along with the principal lot.

The progress of the title deeds, which is clear, and the articles of roup may be seen in the hands of Mr Maclean of Kinerloch, the proprietor, by Strouman; Mr Keay, accountant in Edinburgh; or Mr Macdonald Buchanan, writer to the signet; who have power to treat by private bargain, and to either of whom intending purchasers may apply for further information.

LANDS IN THE COUNTIES OF ARGYLL AND EDINBURGH.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday 23d January 1799, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE ESTATE of HAYFIELD, beautifully situated upon the lake of Lochow, within twelve miles of Inverary, the county town, and within three miles of the sea at Bunaw, where an iron furnace is erected by an English company.

This estate is worthy of attention, as few or none have such advantages both natural and acquired. The soil is excellent, abounds with limestone, is capable of the highest improvement, well adapted for cropping and grazing, and there is easy access to the estate by good roads.

The Mansion-house is good and modern, commanding a delightful prospect of the lake and islands therein, the largest of which belongs to the estate. The office-houses are large and commodious, and all lately built—and there is an excellent Garden, of four exposure, well stocked with fruit trees. The pleasure grounds and plantations, containing trees of many various kinds, are beautifully laid out, and which, as well as the natural woods upon the estate, are thriving and valuable, and the whole premises in the highest order.

The estate abounds with game; and the lake of Lochow and the river of Awe (which are part of its boundaries), afford salmon and other fish of different kinds.

The present free rent is only about 560l. Sterling, including casualties; but by a late survey and report of Mr Langlands, land forwager (ready to be shown), the rent, upon valuation year 1793, is estimated at 761l. 14s. 6d. exclusive of the rent of two mills and a public-house. The present value of the woods, as estimated by persons of skill, is upwards of 3000l.

N.B. If purchasers incline, a Qualification to vote for a Member of Parliament will be sold along with the estate.

ALSO,

THE LANDS of DUNAUH, with the Shellings and Fifings thereof, lying in the parish of Kilmore and thire aforesaid—the present rent whereof is about 100l. Sterling.

These lands are agreeably situated near the sea coast, of good soil, and capable of much improvement, and there is a flood of natural wood upon them, that has not been cut there 40 years, besides planted wood very thriving. The present value of the woods is estimated at 610l. Sterling.

For further particulars application may be made to John Spottiswood, Esq. Sackville Street, London; Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh, or Harry Davidson, writer to the signet there.

AS ALSO,

THE LANDS of BOWLING-GREEN, IN THE VICINITY OF LEITH.

All and Whole the LANDS of BOWLING-GREEN, consisting of about twelve acres English, with the Houses, Gardens, and Pertinents, lying close to the town of Leith, on the fourth-west quarter, within a few minutes walk of the pier, and partly bounded by the Water of Leith.

This property, from its advantageous situation, is capable of being applied to very valuable purposes, such as feeding for dwelling-houses, erecting public works, warehouses, &c. &c.; and, if the proposed plan of enlarging the harbour of Leith, by carrying it up the river towards Bonnington, for which the City of Edinburgh obtained an act of Parliament some years ago, is carried into execution, it will become of great importance, as, by the plan made out and preferred by that very able engineer, Mr Whitworth, after full and deliberate consideration of all the other plans and schemes in agitation, and which was adopted by the act, there is to be a Wet-Dock on part of these lands of Bowling-green for receiving ships of 12 feet, and with certain improvements of 15 or 16 feet draught of water, in the same manner as the wet-dock or basin formerly was made at Hull, and which has, in every respect, answered much beyond expectation; the advantages, therefore, of such a plan taking effect, to the proprietor of these lands, need not be here enumerated.

On the premises there is a good Dwelling-house and suitable office-houses, at present possessed by Mr McDougal, another House possessed by Mr Kemp, with Gardens to each, besides several small houses—Also a Mail Garden, of about two acres, possessed by Alexander Stewart, and two Parks in pasture.

N.B. Mr McDougal will give orders to show the premises, and for further particulars apply as above.

STIRLINGSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 6th day of March 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon.

THE MANSION HOUSE of GLENFUIR, now called SOMERFORD, with the adjacent INCLOSURES, containing about 75 acres, situated within a mile of the town of Falkirk, upon the banks of the Great Canal.

This house is commodious and substantial, and contains, on the first floor, dining-room, and drawing-room, each 25 by 17, a bed-room, dressing-room, hall, and kitchen; on the second floor, six bed-rooms; and on the third floor, four rooms. There is also a complete Court of Offices, and a Garden well stocked with fruit trees.

This is a country residence has many advantages, such as being near coal, church, markets, water-carriage, post-office, stage-coaches, fox hounds, in a beautiful healthy populous country.

The plan, with the title-deeds, may be seen by applying to Mr Ferrier, W. S. Edinburgh, who will give any further information wanted.

LANDS IN FIFE.

WITH A FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION.

To be Sold by Private Bargain.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KILRIE, in the parishes of Kilmory and Aberdour, situated near Kilmory, Kilmory, and Burntisland.—These lands hold of the Crown, are inclosed and subdivided, well supplied with water, of a fertile soil, and capable of great improvement. Two streams of water run through them, well adapted for bleaching grounds and machinery. A very complete water thrashing mill, corn mill, and barley mill, and new offices have lately been erected.—The plantations are thriving, and disposed into clumps, among which are some fine situations for a mansion-house. There is a lime-work about a mile distant, and an excellent free-stone quarry about two miles. Plenty of other stone fit for building on the estate, and it is supposed there is even lime-stone and coal, but no proper trials have yet been made. The whole of these lands are at present let to a good tenant, on a lease of nineteen years from Martinmas 1795, but a purchaser may have possession of sixteen acres at any time, and of the whole together at Martinmas 1800, if he desires it, there being a breach in the tack. About half the price may remain in the purchaser's hands.

For further particulars apply to Robert Batson, Esq. the proprietor, at Burntisland, or Alexander Duncan, W. S. Edinburgh.

BY ADJOURNMENT, & UPSET PRICES REDUCED.

And entered to immediately or at Whitsunday next, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 16th day of January 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon.

THE FARM of CLINKMILN, with the Teinds, Parsonage, and Vicarage thereof, situated within a mile of the town of Cupar, in the county of Fife—to be held of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu-duty. It consists in whole of upwards of 80 English acres. It is all substantially inclosed, and divided into eight fields, principally with stone and lime walls, in good repair, and each of them is well watered.

It is present, in excellent order.

There is a Steading of Houses on it, sufficient for the accommodation of a tenant, and tho' let on a lease current till the term of Martinmas 1815, (for 194l. 4s. 3d. Sterling of money rent, with 11 hens or ducks, the tenant being likewise bound to drive nine cart loads of coals, carriage free yearly, or in the proprietors option to pay one shilling sterling for each hen or duck, and five shillings sterling for each cart load of coals) the tenant has granted an obligation to renounce the possession of it, at any period during the lease, when required so to do by the proprietor, of which a purchaser will have it in his power to avail himself, if he judges it proper.

There is a good whinstone Quarry on these lands, and a constant mill of water sufficient for carrying on the business of a distiller, or other work requiring such accommodation, which, from their local situation, might be advantageously done.

As also, the PROPERTY in CUPAR AUK, which belongs to Mr Robertson of Balgavrie, lying about a mile west from Cupar—likewise to be held of a subject superior. It consists of between 40 and 50 acres; about 16 of them have been lately trenched, dunged, lined, and laid down properly in grass.

The rest of them is occupied by a remarkable fine thriving wood, about thirty years old.

There has been built and finished substantially, within three years, a Dwelling-house, Stable, and Dyke on this property. There is a Freestone Quarry on it, which has never been wrought, and it forms a square, affords an elegant situation for a Gentleman of taste to build on, and is enclosed by a ditch